

Refused)

# BIRTH TO TEN: 1995 DEVELOPMENTAL QUESTIONNAIRE 5 YEARS

				1	9	9	5	
Today's	<u>'</u>							Date
BTT ID								
CHILD'S	NAME:							
SURNAM	E:							
<b>INTERVIE</b>	WER:							
WHO PRO	OVIDED	THE II	NFORI	MATI	ON:			
WHAT IS	THE RE	ELATIO	NSHIF	P OF	THE	E INI	FOR	MANT TO THE CHILD?
MOTHER'	'S NAM	E		_CHIL	_D'S	DA	TE (	OF BIRTH
Interview	<b>er</b> : Plea	se note	on qu	estio	nna	ire i	the	refuses to do any item (write

**Instructions:** I want to ask you about how **X** (Child's name) is developing, and also want to look at how he/she is learning to do new things.

## ASK THE CAREGIVERTHE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS:

Score the responses YES (1), NO (2) or NO OPPORTUNITY (3). NO OPPORTUNITY means that the child has not had a chance to demonstrate whether or not they can do the item, either because the caregiver does not allow the child to try alone or the child does not have the means, equipment or resources to do the item.

1. Can **X** dress him-herself without help?

That is, choose clothes, button or zip clothes (except when fasteners are at the back), put on shoes (except for tying shoelaces)

- 2. Can **X** play any simple board or card games? Like Drafts or Morabaraba, the game may be home-made or bought, the child must be able to really understand and play the game
- 3. Can **X** brush his or her teeth without help or supervision sometimes? Including putting toothpaste on. (In case the caregiver concludes that small children should be able to brush their teeth without help-once the caregiver has answered the question, advise them that they should brush the child's teeth occasionally to ensure proper cleaning)

4. Can **X** get him-or herself a bowl, spoon, dishing it out without making too much mess, and pouring milk (or other liquid) on it

## INTERVIEWER TO SIT NEXT TO THE CHILD AT A LOW TABLE, WITH CHILD COMFORTABLE, NEXT TO MOTHER IF NECESSARY

#### 5. Build a tower of blocks

Put the eight blocks in front of the child, and ask the child (with demonstrations if necessary, but not help) to stack them, or build a tower, or tall building. Record the highest number of blocks the child can stack before the tower topples down. Give the child three chances

## 6 & 7 Count blocks (1)

NO OF BLOCKS

Put the 8 blocks in front of the child. Ask him or her to put one block on your piece of paper. Record how many blocks the child puts on the paper.

NO OF BEOOKS
7. Say number of blocks (1)
When child has finished, correct the number of blocks on the paper if necessary and ask the child "How many blocks are on the paper". Record the child's answer.
NO OF BLOCKS
8 & 9. Count blocks (5) Ask the child to put <u>five</u> blocks on your piece of paper. Record the no of blocks.
NO OF BLOCKS

## 8. Say number of blocks (5)

When the child has finished, correct the number of blocks on the paper if necessary and ask the child "How many blocks are on the paper". Record the child's answer.

NO OF BLOCKS
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9. Imitate vertical line
Interviewer draws a vertical line in the space below. Give the child a pencil and
ask him/her to draw a line just like yours.
Repeat three times.

## 11. Copy a circle

Show the child the first circle drawn on the questionnaire. Without naming the figure or moving your fingers or pencil to show how to draw it, ask the child to draw a picture like the one shown here.

Repeat three times.

## 12. Copy a +

Show the child the first cross drawn on the questionnaire. Without naming the figure or moving your fingers or pencil to show how to draw it, ask the child to draw a picture like the one shown here **Repeat three times.** 





## 13. Copy a square

Show the child the first square drawn on the questionnaire. Without naming the figure or moving your fingers or pencil to show how to draw it, ask the child to draw a picture like the one shown here.

Repeat three times.

14. Copy a square- demonstrated
If the child is unable to copy the square from the picture, show the child how to draw a square by drawing two opposite sides (rather than drawing the square with a continuous motion).

Repeat three times.

## 15-17. Pick a longer line

Show the child the two lines be say "bigger"- we need to know		
CHILD RECOGNISES-YES_	NO	
<b>16.Repeat second time</b> Turn the page upside down a	nd repeat the question abo	out which line is "longer"
CHILD RECOGNISES-YES_	NO	
17. Repeat third time Turn the page the right way u	n again and reneat the gu	estion about which line is
"longer"	p again and repeat the qui	estion about which line is
CHILD RECOGNISES-YES_	N(	0
IF CHILD DOES NOT RECOGNINES, TURNING PAGE EAC	GNISE THE LONGER LIN	IE, REPEAT 3 MORE
Repeat a fourth time CHILD F	RECOGNISES- YES	NO
Repeat a fifth time CHILD Repeat a sixth time CHILD	RECOGNISES-YES	NO
Top out a count mile of her		

## 18. Draw a person

Put the blank sheet of paper in front of the child, and ask the child to draw a picture of a person. Make sure the child has finished the drawing before moving on to the next time

19. Use of objects Ask the child the following questions, and record the child's answer:  (a). "What do you do with a cup?".	
(b). "What is a chair used for?"	

## 20. Knows actions

(c). "What is a pencil used for?"

Show the child the following 5 pictures and ask the child (tick RIGHT or WRONG):

(a)	"Which one flies?" RIGHT	WRONG
(b)	"Which one says MEOW?" RIGHT_	WRONG
(c)	"Which one talks?" RIGHT	WRONG
(d)	"Which one barks?"RIGHT	WRONG
(e)	"Which one gallops?"RIGHT	WRONG

<b>21.Understands prepositions</b> Give the child a block and give the following i WRONG).	nstructions (Tick RIGHT or
<ul><li>(a). "Put the block on the table" RIGHT</li></ul>	WRONG WRONG
22. Names colours	
Put a red, blue, yellow and a green block on each block one at a time and ask "What color each question.	
(a). Red RIGHTWRO(b). Blue RIGHTWRO(c). Yellow RIGHTWRO(d). Green RIGHTWRO	ONG ONG
23. <b>Defines words</b>	
Make sure the child is listening to you and the and I want you to tell me what it is. Say "What tell you something about it (But do not ask the the child's response.  Repeat the question 3 times if necessary to the child is the child in the child is the child is the child in the child is the child in the child is the child in the child is the child is the child is the child is the child in the child is th	t is a
<u>(</u> a). Ball	
(b). Lake	
(c). Desk	
(d). House	
(e). Banana	
(f). Curtain	

(g).Fence\_\_\_\_

(h). Ceiling\_\_\_\_\_

24. Knows adjectives Ask the child the following questions. Record the child's answers
(a)." What do you do when you are cold?"
(b). "What do you do when you are tired?"
(c). "What do you do when you are hungry?"
25. Opposites Say each of the following sentences slowly and distinctly, and wait for the child to fill in the blank.  Repeat each sentence three times if necessary.  (a). "If a horse is big, a mouse is"  (b). "If fire is hot, ice is"  (c). "If the sun shine during the day, the moon shines during the"
26. Thumb wiggle
Demonstrate with one or both hands by making a fist with thumb pointing upward. Wiggle only your thumb. Ask the child to wiggle his/her thumb (or thumbs) the same way. Do not help the child, apart from demonstrating. Record whether PASS or FAIL
PASS or FAIL if child can move the thumb of either hand without moving any other fingers

#### 27. Balance each foot

Have the child stand away from all support. Show the child how to balance on one foot.

Tell the child to do this, and <u>give the child 3 chances</u>. Record the number of seconds the child is able to stand on <u>RIGHT FOOT ALONE</u> and then <u>LEFT</u> <u>FOOT ALONE</u>.

Right Foot	- Trial 1	seconds
	Trial 2	seconds
	Trial 3	seconds
Left Foot-	Trial 1	seconds
	Trial 2	seconds
	Trial 3	seconds

## 28. Hopping

With the child away from all support, ask him/her to hop on one foot (foot of child's choice- left or right). Demonstrate. Score PASS or FAIL. Pass if the child hops on one foot 2 or more times in a row, either on the same place or while moving, without holding onto anything

PASSFAII	_
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## 29. Heel-to-toe walk

Demonstrate how to walk in a straight line, placing the heel of one foot in front of and touching the toe of the other. Walk about 8 steps like this and then ask the child to do it. If necessary demonstrate again. Give the child three chances. Score PASS or FAIL. Score pass if the child can walk in a straight line at least 4 steps, placing the heel no more than about 2-3cm in front of the toe, and without losing his/her balance.

PASS	FAIL	

#### INTERVIEWER RATE THE CHILD'S SPEECH

#### 30. Speech all understandable

Rate the child's speech as heard during the assessment. Place a tick against	
ALL or HALF UNDERSTABLE.	

HALF UNDERSTANDABLE	ALL UNDERSTANDABLE